

## SULTAN QABOOS UNIVERSITY COURSE OUTLINE PROGRAM: MEDICINE & HEALTH SCIENCES

1.	1. Course Code     CHEM2110						
2.	Chemistry for Medicine						
3.	6. Credits 4						
4.	Pre-requisite Course(s)	FPMT01	FPMT0105				
5.	Co-requisite Course(s)	None					
6.	Equivalent Course(s)	None					
7.	Incompatible Course(s)	CHEM1	071, CHEM2101				
8.	Course Category	Univ	ersity Requirement	University Elective			
		Colle	ge Requirement	College Elective			
		🗌 Depa	rtment Requirement	Department Elective			
			alization Requirement	Specialization Elective			
		Othe:	(specify): Core course in degree prog	rams in Medicine & Health Sciences			
9.	Course Owner	College:	SCIENCE	Department: CHEMISTRY			
10.	Course Type	🗌 Lectu	ire	Lecture/Lab			
		Lectu	re/Seminar	Lecture/Studio			
		Lectu	re/Tutorial	Lecture/Lab/Tutorial or Seminar			
		Tuto:	ial	Laboratory (Practical)			
		Field	or Work Placement	Studio			
	Seminar     Internship						
	Workshop Project						
11.	11. Language of Instruction     English						
12.	Course Description						
che scie stue pla and eler solu per cha	This course seeks to provide medical students with a sound understanding of fundamental concepts and principles in general chemistry and introductory organic chemistry. Emphasis is placed on chemical applications in medicine and the allied health sciences. The practical work in the laboratory component does not only reinforce the lecture material, but it also helps students develop manipulative and organizational skills, and make guided discoveries. E-learning employing the Moodle platform promotes pro-active learning. The main topics include classification of matter, physical and chemical properties and processes, measurement and analyses of data, the Periodic Table of the elements and periodic trends, biological roles of elements, compounds, chemical reactions & equations, stoichiometry, aqueous solutions, acid-base equilibria and buffer solutions, electromagnetric radiation and its applications, Bohr model and quantum mechanics, atomic structure and periodicity, chemical bonding, classes of organic compounds and medical applications, isomerism, functional groups and characteristic reactions, introduction to amino acids, intermolecular forces and physical properties of organic compounds.						
13. Teaching/Learning Strategies							
Lectures, class discussions, E-learning, tutorials, textbook problem-solving, demonstrations of experiments, lab work 14. Assessment Components and Weight [%]							
I4. Assessment components and weight [ $\frac{7}{9}$ ] $\boxtimes$ Quizzes 10% $\boxtimes$ Practical 10% $\boxtimes$ Other (specify):							
	Homework assignments     Project						
_	<ul> <li>☑ In-term examination(s) 40%</li> <li>☑ Final examination 40%</li> <li>15. Grading Method</li> </ul>						
		ss/Not per	sed				
	A-F Scale Pass/Not passed 16. Textbook(s) and Supplemental Material						
				ork 2006: Handouts: Moodle			
UC.	General, Organic and Biochemistry, Blei & Odian, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition, Freeman, New York, 2006; Handouts; Moodle						

	Matching Course Objectives with Pre-	Sham Gatconic	una Syco Graduate Attribu		
2	SQU Graduate Attributes				
1. a r 2. c ii 3. c	<b>GQU graduates should be able to:</b> upply the knowledge and skills elevant to the specialization communicate effectively and use nformation and communication echnologies eritically analyze complex nformation and present it in simple elear manner	<ol> <li>interpersona alignment labour mark life and in 1</li> <li>skills and learning and learning and</li> <li>work ethic intellectual</li> </ol>	s and positive values, and independence and autonomy skills and display potential	relish go qualities, their na and responsit communi be	duates should bod citizenship be conscious of ational identity be socially ble, engage in aty affairs and mindful of brary issues.
#	Intended Student Learning	Outcome	Relevant Program Ou	tcome(s)	Applicable
	/Course Learning Obje	ective	_		Attribute(s)
1.	Carry out scientific measuremen mathematical operations apply significant figures; be able to con dimensional analysis	ts and perform ing rules of			A1A1
2.	Analyze critically the quality of exp terms of accuracy and precision/rep recognize types of errors (systemati random/indeterminate)	producibility and			A1, A3
3.	Define and classify matter; identify physical properties of matter	fy chemical and			A1
4.	Distinguish between chemical physical processes, and exemplify t				A1
5.	Name the elements in the periodic chemical symbols properly, and specific biological roles; describe th	table, write their recognise their			A1
6.	Write chemical formulae and names hydrated ionic/organic compounds, bases qualitatively as weak or st chemical reactions, make obse conclusions, write relevant chen apply solubility rules to salts	of anydrous and classify acids & rong; carry out ervations, draw			A1
7.	Determine empirical and chemic compounds using the mole concept involving mass, number of moles number	; solve problems			A1
8.	Carry out stoichiometric calculation reactions including determining per				A1
9.	Prepare standard solutions, be famile expressions of concentrations, performanely analyze compositions of substances	iar with different orm dilutions and			A1
10.	Identify types of reactions in solu human body; perform volumetric a titrations	tion and in the			A1
11.	Discuss the medical and everyday electromagnetic radiation; explain the light				A1
12.	Enumerate and explain the theorie that led to the development of atom	ic structure			A1
13.	Draw and describe atomic orbitals, quantum numbers; write electron				A1

	applying the Aufbau principle, Pauli exclusion	
	principle and Hund's rules	
	Draw Lewis dot symbols and structures, explain	A1
	resonance; determine bond orders & correlate them	AI
	with bond distances and energies; correlate	
14.	electronegativity difference with bond polarity and	
	bond types bond polarity; predict molecular shapes	
	and bond angles; assign molecular polarity; explain	
	chemical bonding using hybrization of atomic orbitals	
		A 1
	Classify organic compounds and readily identify	A1
15.	their characteristic functional groups; be familiar	
	with typical chemical reactions and reaction	
	mechanisms of classes of organic empounds	A 1
16	Explain and identify different types of isomerism in	A1
16.	organic compounds; correlate physical properties of	
	organic compounds with intermolecular forces	A 1
	Apply organic concepts and principles to the	A1
17.	biochemistry of the human body; identify functional groups in amino acids and types of chemical bonds	
	0 1 11	
	and noncovalent interactions in proteins	A 1
	Distinguish between acidity/basicity of a solution $(A_{1}, A_{2})$	A1
18.	(pH/pOH) and strength of an acid/base (pKa/pKb),	
	and perform pertinent calculations; explain and	
	apply the concept of buffer solutions	A1
	Explain ideal gas behaviour using the gas laws; use	AI
19.	mathematical expressions and graphs to correlate	
	gas properties; discuss gaseous mixtures and derive	
	expressions of a mole fraction Apply safety rules and regulations while working in	A 1
		A1,
20	the chemical laboratory; use scientific equipment	A2,A3,B4,
20.	competently, interpret data and judge the quality of	
	measurements; work efficiently in a team in group	
	experiments	

## 16. Student Responsibilities

It is the student's responsibility to know and comply with all University Academic Regulations relevant to participation in this course. These regulations specifically include attendance requirement and students` academic code of conduct.

For attendance, it is the student's responsibility to be punctual and to attend all classes.

Students are expected to perform their work with honesty and avoid any academic misconduct, which is defined as the use of any dishonest or deceitful means to gain some academic advantage or benefit. This can take many forms, including but not limited to, the following: copying, plagiarism, collusion and forging documents. For full details, please refer to the Undergraduate Academic Regulations and to the Student Academic Misconduct Policy.

Additionally, this course requires that you:

COURSE INFORMATION						
Course Code         CHEM2110         Course Title         Chemistry for Medicine						
Semester/ Year	FL & SP	Section(s) Two or One				
Day, Time, and Place	From Sunday to Wednesday; 08:00-17:05; Lecture Theatres and Teaching Laboratory (Lab B)					
<b>Course Coordinator</b>	Prof. Musa S.Shongwe					
Office Location	Dept of Chem; SCI	Office Hours				
Office Tel. Ext.	2376	Email	musa@squ.edu.om			

1       Matter: classification, physical states and their interconversion         2       Allotropes, molecules, chemical properties of matter; physical and chemical processes         3       Allotropes, molecules, chemical bonds, formulae (chemical, molecular & empirical)         9       Periodic Table of the Elements: classification into periods and groups; monatomic anions; roles of ions of elements in the human body         3       Hydrated compounds, covalent compounds, acids and conjugate bases, ionic compound         3       Hydrated compounds, covalent compounds, chemical reactions and reaction types         Chemical equations, acids & bases, solubility rules, precipitations reactions Oxidation states, redox reactions, redox equations, enzymatic catalysis         4       Measurement: units and some laboratory equipment, uncertainty in measurement         Temperature scales, density, specific gravity, dimensional analysis Accuracy and precision, significant figures         5       Mathematical operations, scientific notation; atomic mass unit, the mole concept & Avogadro's number         Isotopes & average atomic masses, mass spectrometry, molecular masses, molar masses, application of the mole concept to problem-solving         9       Properties of gases, gas laws The ideal gas law, gas stoichiometry, Dalton's law of partial pressures Properties of gases, gas laws The ideal gas law, gas stoichiometry, Dalton's law of partial pressures Properties of stass, value, or bitals, valence electrons Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance Electron con				
Physical and chemical properties of matter; physical and chemical processes         Atlotropes, molecules, chemical bonds, formulae (chemical, molecular & empirical)         Periodic Table of the Elements: classification into periods and groups; monatomic anions; roles of ions of elements in the human body         Metal cations, types of compounds, acids and conjugate bases, ionic compound         3       Hydrated compounds, covalent compounds, chemical reactions and reaction types         Chemical equations, acids & bases, solubility rules, precipitations reactions         Oxidation states, redox reactions, redox equations, enzymatic catalysis         4       Measurement: units and some laboratory equipment, uncertainty in measurement         Temperature scales, density, specific gravity, dimensional analysis Accuracy and precision, significant figures         5       Mathematical operations, scientific notation; atomic mass unit, the mole concept & Avogadro's number       Quiz 1         1 sotopes & average atomic masses, mass spectrometry, molecular masses, molar masses, application of the mole concept to problem-solving Percentage composition by mass; empirical and molecular formulae       Test 1         6       Stoichiometry: limiting reactants and yields of reactions Properties of gases, gas laws The ideal gas law, gas stoichiometry, Dalton's law of partial pressures       Test 1         7       Electromagnetic radiation and the nature of light Bohr model and quantum mechanical model Quantum numbers and atomic orbitals, valence electrons Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, f	Week	Lecture #	Assessment	
Atomic structure, chemical symbols, isotopes, monatomic and polyatomic ions         2       Allotropes, molecules, chemical bonds, formulae (chemical, molecular & empirical)         Periodic Table of the Elements: classification into periods and groups; monatomic anions; roles of ions of elements in the human body         Metal cations, types of compounds, acids and conjugate bases, ionic compound         3       Hydrated compounds, covalent compounds, chemical reactions and reaction types         Chemical equations, acids & bases, solubility rules, precipitations reactions         Oxidation states, redox reactions, redox equations, enzymatic catalysis         4       Measurement: units and some laboratory equipment, uncertainty in measurement         Temperature scales, density, specific gravity, dimensional analysis Accuracy and precision, significant figures         5       Mathematical operations, scientific notation; atomic mass unit, the mole concept & Avogadro's number         Isotopes & average atomic masses, mass spectrometry, molecular masses, molar masses, application of the mole concept to problem-solving Percentage composition by mass; empirical and molecular formulae         6       Stoichiometry: limiting reactants and yields of reactions Properties of gases, gas laws The ideal gas law, gas stoichiometry, Dalton's law of partial pressures         7       Electronagnetic radiation and the nature of light Bohr model and quantum mechanical model Quantum numbers and atomic orbitals, valence electrons Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance	1		Matter: classification, physical states and their interconversion	
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empirical)       Periodic Table of the Elements: classification into periods and groups; monatomic anions; roles of ions of elements in the human body         Metal cations, types of compounds, acids and conjugate bases, ionic compound         3       Hydrated compounds, covalent compounds, chemical reactions and reaction types         Chemical equations, acids & bases, solubility rules, precipitations reactions         Oxidation states, redox reactions, redox equations, enzymatic catalysis         4       Measurement: units and some laboratory equipment, uncertainty in measurement         Temperature scales, density, specific gravity, dimensional analysis         Accuracy and precision, significant figures         5       Mathematical operations, scientific notation; atomic mass unit, the mole concept & Avogadro's number       Quiz 1         Isotopes & average atomic masses, mass spectrometry, molecular masses, molar masses, application of the mole concept to problem-solving Percentage composition by mass; empirical and molecular formulae       Quiz 1         6       Stoichiometry: limiting reactants and yields of reactions Properties of gases, gas laws The ideal gas law, gas stoichiometry, Dalton's law of partial pressures       Test 1         7       Electron configurations, valence orbitals, valence electrons Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance       Electron configurations, valence orbitals, valence electrons Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, polarity of molecule Hybridisation of orbitals, c and π bonds in organic molecules Non-covalent intra			Atomic structure, chemical symbols, isotopes, monatomic and polyatomic ions	
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Isotopes & average atomic masses, mass spectrometry, molecular masses, molar masses, application of the mole concept to problem-solving Percentage composition by mass; empirical and molecular formulae         6       Stoichiometry: limiting reactants and yields of reactions Properties of gases, gas laws The ideal gas law, gas stoichiometry, Dalton's law of partial pressures         7       Electromagnetic radiation and the nature of light Bohr model and quantum mechanical model Quantum numbers and atomic orbitals, electron spin       Test 1         8       Electron configurations, valence orbitals, valence electrons Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance Electronegativity, types of bonds, bond polarity       9         9       Orbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &	5			Quiz 1
molar masses, application of the mole concept to problem-solving         Percentage composition by mass; empirical and molecular formulae         6       Stoichiometry: limiting reactants and yields of reactions         Properties of gases, gas laws       The ideal gas law, gas stoichiometry, Dalton's law of partial pressures         7       Electromagnetic radiation and the nature of light         Bohr model and quantum mechanical model       Quantum numbers and atomic orbitals, electron spin         8       Electron configurations, valence orbitals, valence electrons         Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance       Electronegativity, types of bonds, bond polarity         9       Orbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule         Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules       Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &				
Percentage composition by mass; empirical and molecular formulae         6       Stoichiometry: limiting reactants and yields of reactions Properties of gases, gas laws The ideal gas law, gas stoichiometry, Dalton's law of partial pressures         7       Electromagnetic radiation and the nature of light Bohr model and quantum mechanical model Quantum numbers and atomic orbitals, electron spin       Test 1         8       Electron configurations, valence orbitals, valence electrons Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance Electronegativity, types of bonds, bond polarity       9         9       Orbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &				
<ul> <li>Stoichiometry: limiting reactants and yields of reactions         <ul> <li>Properties of gases, gas laws             <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ul>				
Properties of gases, gas laws       The ideal gas law, gas stoichiometry, Dalton's law of partial pressures         7       Electromagnetic radiation and the nature of light       Test 1         Bohr model and quantum mechanical model       Quantum numbers and atomic orbitals, electron spin       Test 1         8       Electron configurations, valence orbitals, valence electrons       Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance         Electronegativity, types of bonds, bond polarity       9       Orbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule         Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules       Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &				
The ideal gas law, gas stoichiometry, Dalton's law of partial pressuresTElectromagnetic radiation and the nature of light Bohr model and quantum mechanical model Quantum numbers and atomic orbitals, electron spinTest 18Electron configurations, valence orbitals, valence electrons Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance Electronegativity, types of bonds, bond polarityOrbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &	6			
<ul> <li>Figure 1</li> <li>Electromagnetic radiation and the nature of light Bohr model and quantum mechanical model Quantum numbers and atomic orbitals, electron spin</li> <li>Electron configurations, valence orbitals, valence electrons Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance Electronegativity, types of bonds, bond polarity</li> <li>Orbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &amp;</li> </ul>				
Bohr model and quantum mechanical model       Quantum numbers and atomic orbitals, electron spin         8       Electron configurations, valence orbitals, valence electrons         Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance       Electronegativity, types of bonds, bond polarity         9       Orbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule         Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules         Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &				Track 1
Quantum numbers and atomic orbitals, electron spin         8       Electron configurations, valence orbitals, valence electrons Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance         9       Orbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule         Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules         Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &	/			Test 1
<ul> <li>8 Electron configurations, valence orbitals, valence electrons         <ul> <li>Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance</li> <li>Electronegativity, types of bonds, bond polarity</li> </ul> </li> <li>9 Orbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule         <ul> <li>Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules</li> <li>Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &amp;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			-	
<ul> <li>Lewis dot symbols, Lewis structures, bond order, bond types, formal charges, resonance</li> <li>Electronegativity, types of bonds, bond polarity</li> <li>Orbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule</li> <li>Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules</li> <li>Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &amp;</li> </ul>	0		=	
resonance       resonance         Electronegativity, types of bonds, bond polarity         9       Orbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule         Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules         Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &	o			
9       Electronegativity, types of bonds, bond polarity         9       Orbital shape, VSEPR model, molecular shape, polarity of molecule         Hybridisation of orbitals; σ and π bonds in organic molecules         Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &				
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Non-covalent intra- and intermolecular forces: H-bonding, dispersion &	,			
dipole-dipole				
10         Introduction to organic chemistry and classification of organic compounds         Quiz 2	10			Ouiz 2
Nomenclature of aliphatic hydrocarbons: alkanes, alkenes and alkynes				
Isomerism in alkanes and alkenes				
11         Types of reagents and types of organic reactions	11			
Characteristic reactions of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes				
The structure of benzene, aromaticity, aromatic compounds, characteristic				
reactions				

12	Functional groups, characteristic reactions, functional groups in biological	
	systems	
	Stereoisomerism and medical applications	
	Amino acids and condensation polymerisation; the nature of the peptide bond	
13	The structure and classification of proteins	Test 2
	Water as a solvent, chemical behaviours of solutes in water	
	Standard solutions and dilutions	
14	Various expressions of concentration	
	Chemical reactions in aqueous solution & stoichiometric calculations	
	Acid-base reactions & titrations	
15	Weak and strong acids and bases (pKa and pKb values)	Lab Exam
	pH measurement, hydrolysis of salts	
	The concept of buffers, physiological buffers	
16	Revision & Consultation	
17	Final Exam	Final Exam

APPENDIX A: INSTRUCTORS OF MULTIPLE SECTIONS					
Section	Instructor	Day, Time, and Place	Office Location and Extension	Email	Office Hours

## **APPENDIX B: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**